

Positive Aging: HIV Turns 30



Agenda















Introduction/Housekeeping

Welcome

The Complications of Success

A Personal Perspective

Implementation in Community Settings

Area Agencies on Aging & HIV

Resources

Questions

Welcome



Kathy Greenlee Assistant Secretary for Aging



Presenters

Steve Karpiak, PhD, Director for Research, ACRIA - AIDS Community Research Initiative of America and New York University

Jane Fowler, Director, HIV Wisdom for Older Women

Doreen Bermudez, Training Coordinator, National Resource Center for LGBT Aging/SAGE – Services & Advocacy for GLBT Elders

Courtney Williams, Community Planner, District of Columbia Office on Aging





The Complications of Success: The Aging HIV Population

Stephen Karpiak PhD Associate Director for Research

AIDS Community Research Initiative of America (ACRIA)
ACRIA Center on HIV and Aging
New York University College of Nursing
NYU Medical Center for AIDS Research



ACRIA: AIDS Community Research Initiative of America

founded in New York City in 1991

Clinical Trials

Older Adults Research

Education Health Literacy

- Antiretrovirals
- Side-effects management
- Comorbid treatments

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- Social networks
- Depression management
- Multimorbidity management
- Service utilization
- Accessing caregivers
- Stigma
- Spirituality
- Sexual behavior and substance use

- Staff/agency trainings on needs of aging HIV populations & those at-risk
- Technical assistance and capacity building
- Continuing education credits
- Materials in several languages
- Social messaging campaign
- HIV prevention



It Has Been 30 Years

By the end of 1990, just nine years from the start of the epidemic, approximately 160,000 Americans had been diagnosed with AIDS and 110,000 of them had already died

As of 2010 there are nearly 1.1 million Americans living with HIV

By 2015 the CDC estimates that one-half of Americans with HIV will be age 50 and older





September 2008: HHS Establishes
September 18 as an annual
National HIV/AIDS and Aging Awareness Day

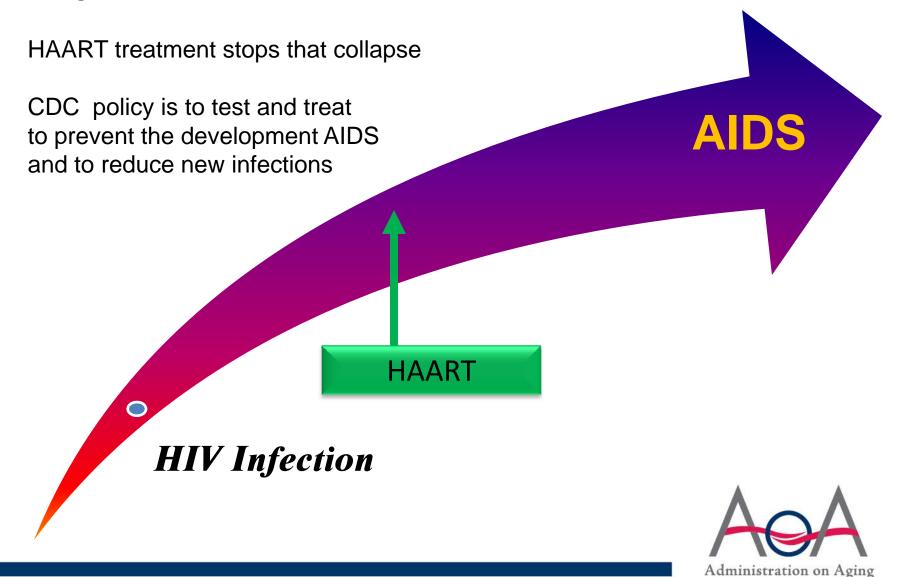
Oct 2010:

White House Office of National AIDS Policy convenes a Special Meeting on HIV and Aging

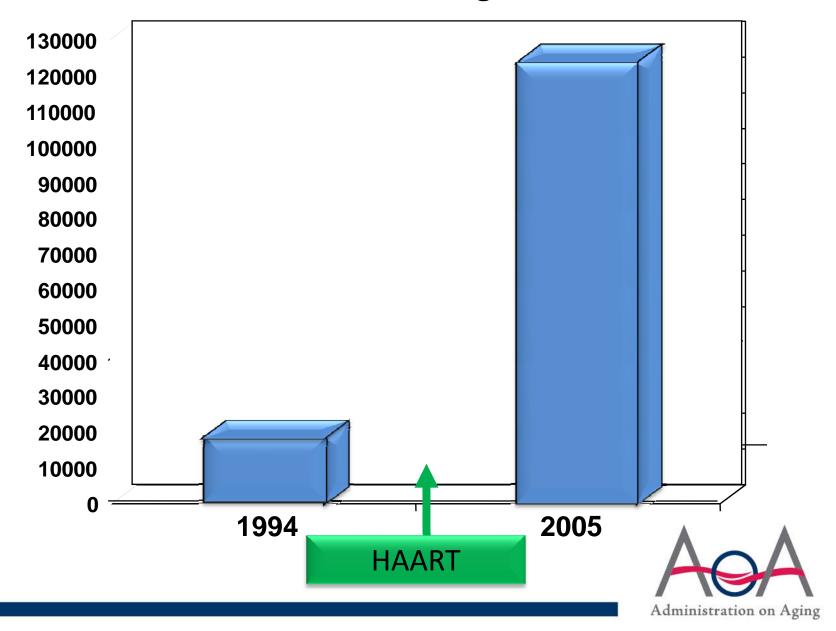




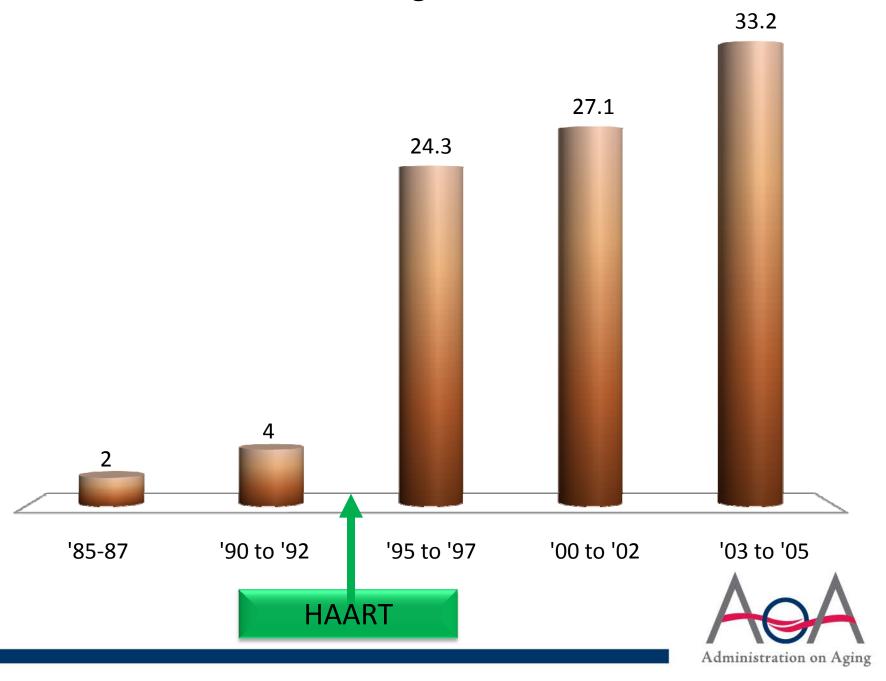
It takes 10 years for the virus to cause the collapse of the immune system resulting in AIDS



USA AIDS Cases Over Age 50 - CDC

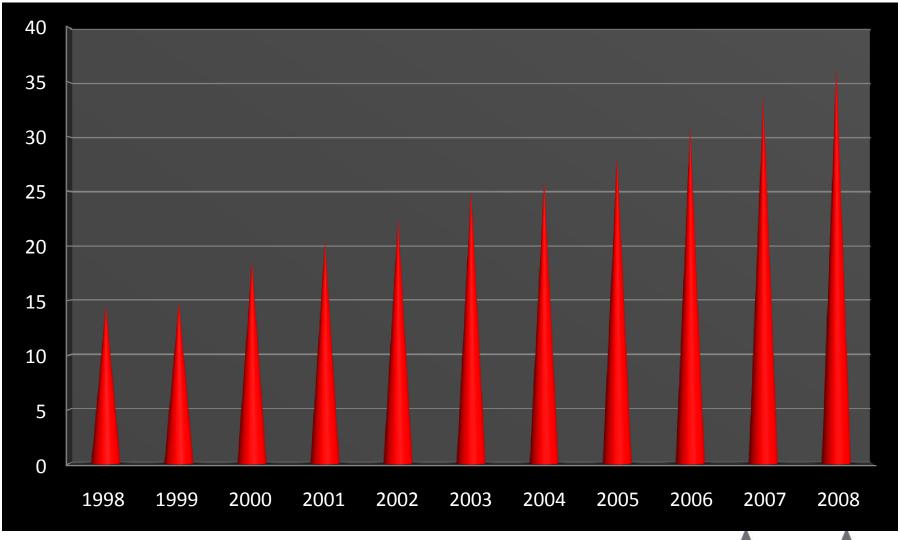


Median Life Years at Age 20 with HIV and in Care



% OF PEOPLE LIVING WITH AIDS DIAGNOSIS OVER AGE 50 IN US

CDC SURVEILLANCE DATA



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration on Aging, Washington DC 20201 PHONE 202.619.0724 | FAX 202.357.3555 | EMAIL aoainfo@aoa.gov | WEB http://www.aoa.gov



New York City is the U.S. HIV Epicenter

There are approximately

120,000

people living with HIV

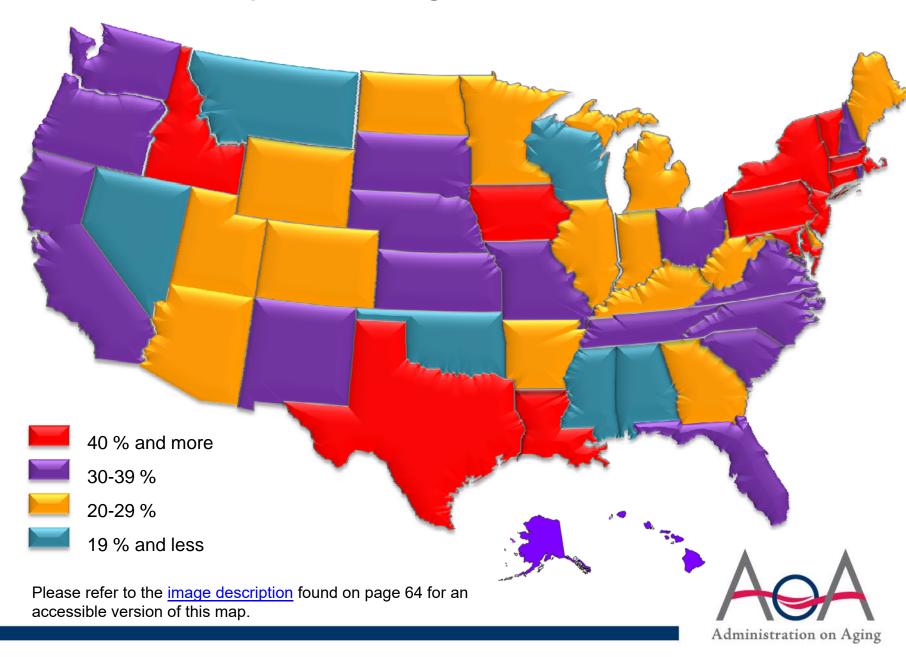
42% are over age 50

and

75% are over age 40



% of People with HIV Age 50 and Older 2009-2010



Why is the HIV Population Growing and Graying?

CARE

Drugs to treat HIV are effective thereby transforming a diagnosis from a death sentence to a long life span

CARE

The overwhelming majority of older adults with HIV were infected before age 50

Prevention

Prevention

Almost 1 in 6 new HIV infections occur in people 50 and older

New HIV infections have been largely ignored HIV Prevention efforts have not targeted older adults



ACRIA Funded Initial Studies On HIV and Aging in 20



Are These Older Adults Living with HIV?



Nearly 1,000 NYC Adults Over Age 50

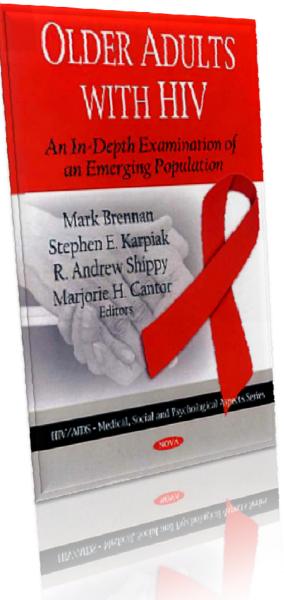


Research on Older Adults with Hiv

Stephen E. Karpiak, PhD
Mark Brennan, PhD
Principal Investigators
ACRIA Center on HIV and Aging



ROAH is COMPREHENSIVE



Demographics

Sexual Behavior / Substance

Use Social Networks

Psychological Well-Being

Distress - Depression

HIV Status/Health

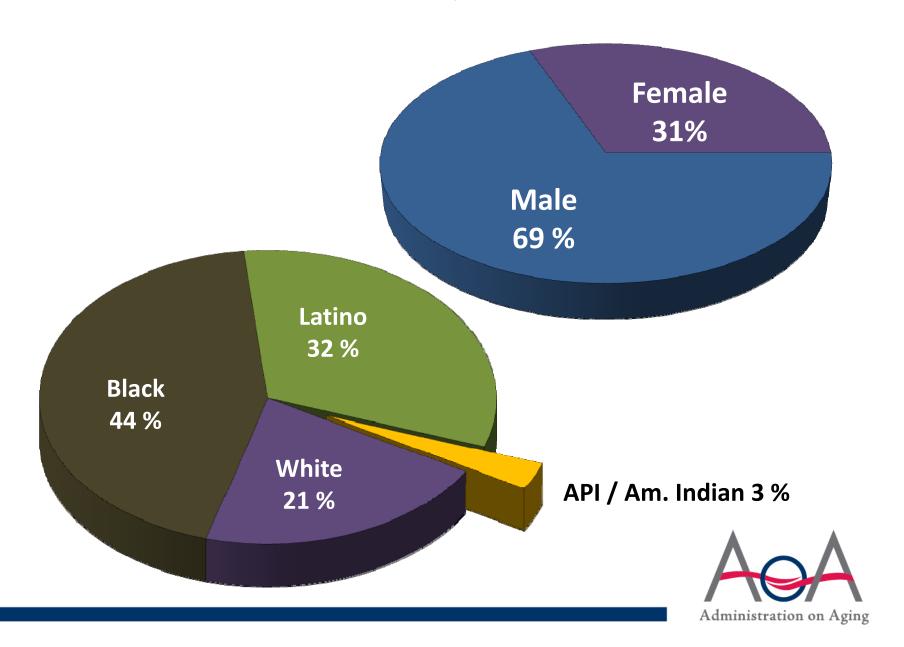
Religiousness & Spirituality

Loneliness Among Older Adults

Administration on Aging

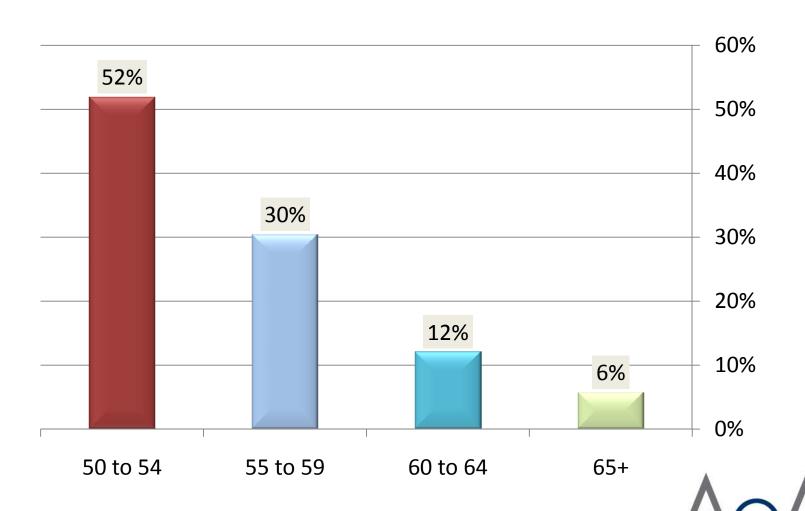
HIV Stigma and Disclosure

ROAH Mirrors the HIV Population of NYC and US



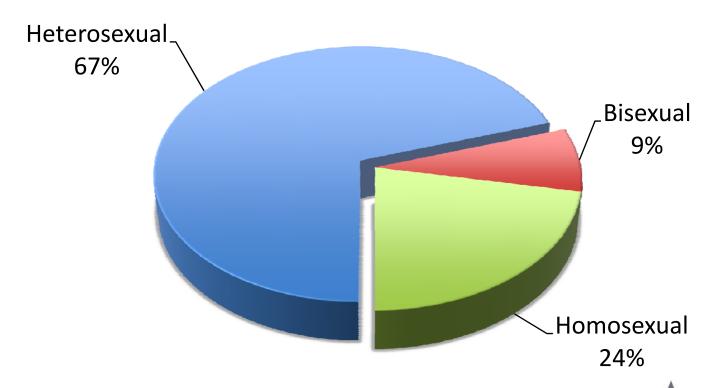
ROAH: Age Distribution

Mean Age = 55.3 / Age range 50-78



Administration on Aging

ROAH: Sexual Self-Identification





ROAH: HIV Treatment and Care

Treatment facility	%
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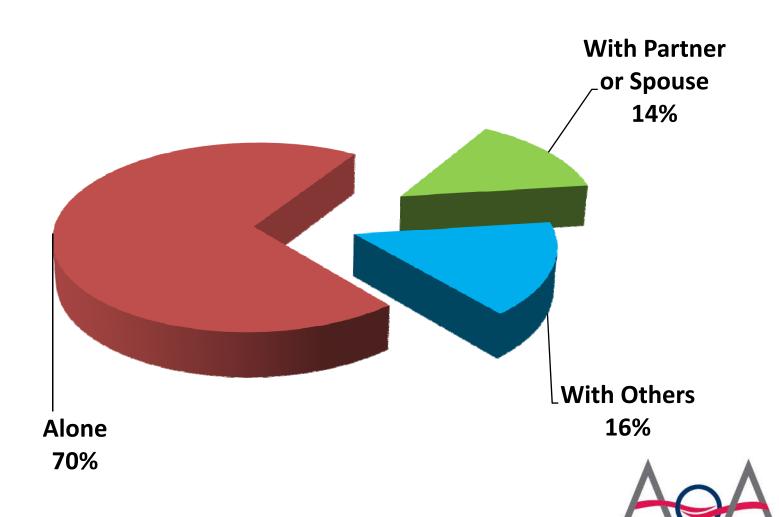
Private physician2°	1.9)
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- Public clinic / hospital 58.7
- VA Hospital4.9
- AIDS Service Organizations 17.0

83% of ROAH Participants Rely on Medicaid

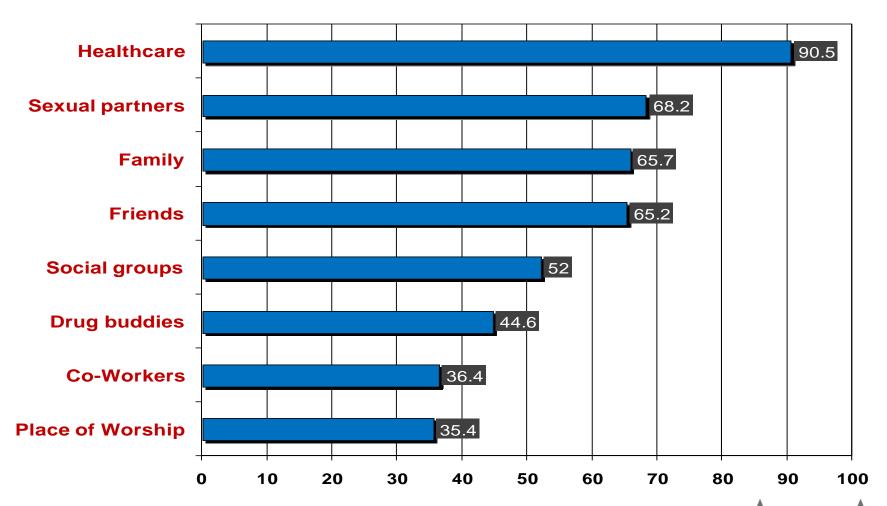


ROAH: Living Arrangement



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ROAH: Stigma and Disclosure of HIV Status (%)





ROAH: Substance Use Including Tobacco Use

Current: History:

57 % 84 %



ROAH: Substance Use Recovery

Recovery Status	<u>%</u>
 Ever enrolled in 12-step 	62
 Currently in recovery 	54
 No substance use in past 3 i 	months 48
 In recovery for more than 1 	year 44



Depression in ROAH vs. Other Older Adults

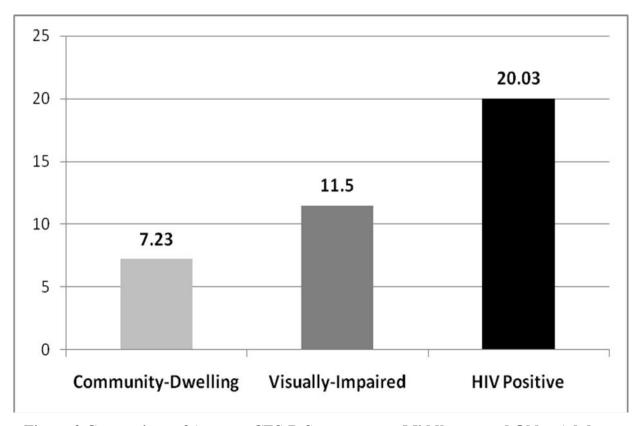


Figure 2 Comparison of Average CES-D Scores among Middle-age and Older Adults who are Community-dwelling, Visually-Impaired, or Living with HIV in ROAH. Data on Community- dwelling adults and visually impaired adults were obtained from Gump et al. (2005) and Horowitz et al. (2006), respectively.



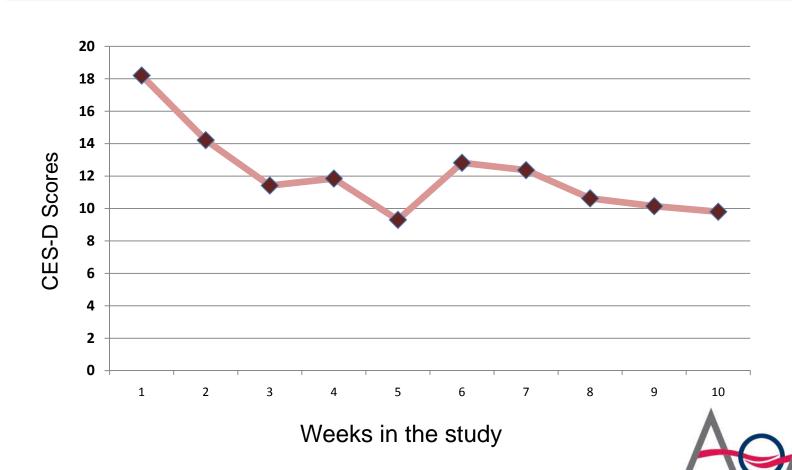
Over 2/3 of the ROAH participants had moderate to severe depression

Depression decreases adherence to ALL medication including HIV meds

Although enrolled in medical care their depression remains poorly managed



A Simple Phone Call ACRIA Study Using the MacArthur Model for Depression



Administration on Aging

The Complications of Success

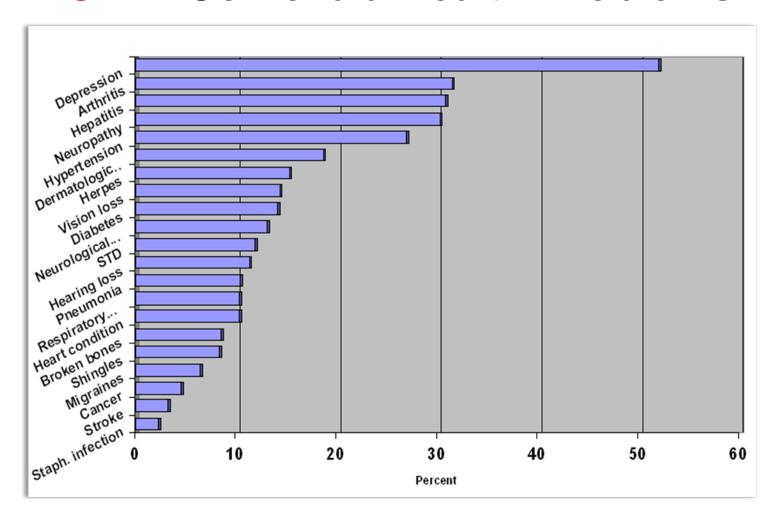
Older adults with HIV

are developing at an early age
illnesses that are more typically associated with
later senior years.

These include Cancers – Cardiovascular Disease - Osteoporosis Liver and Kidney Disease – Diabetes

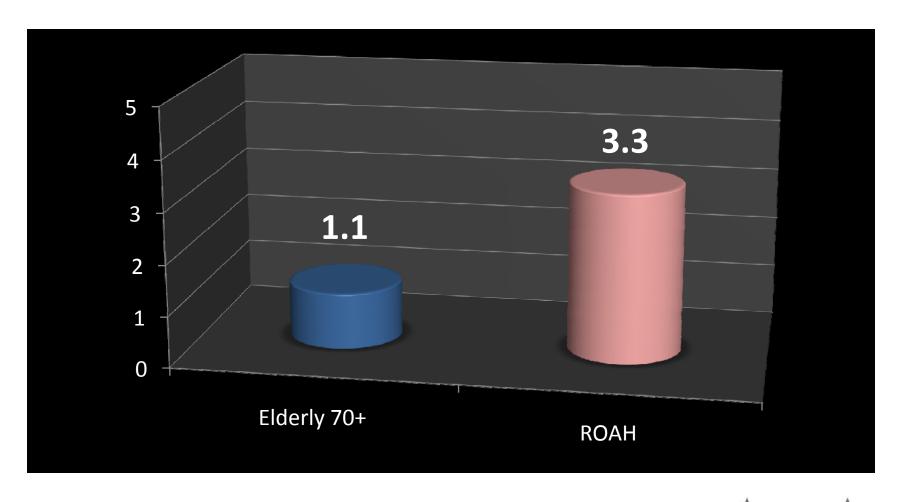


ROAH: Comorbid Health Problems



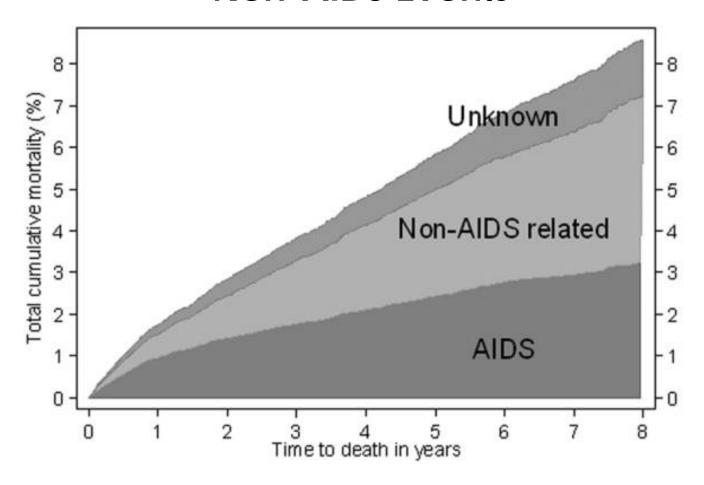


Average Number of Comorbidities





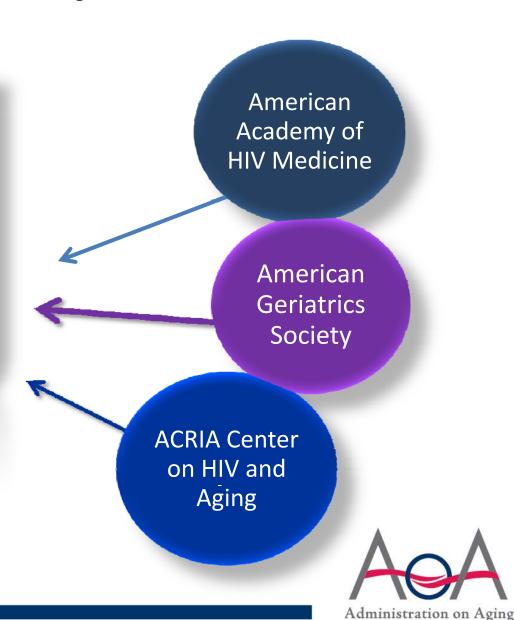
>50% of Deaths Attributed to Non-AIDS Events





AAHIVM: Guides for the Management of Older Adults with HIV

Expert Panel of 14
Leaders in HIV
Treatment Research
and Geriatric Care



HIV

Cancers – Cardiovascular Disease Osteoporosis – Liver and Kidney Disease – Diabetes

Multimorbidity
Care
Management

Mental Health Social Isolation



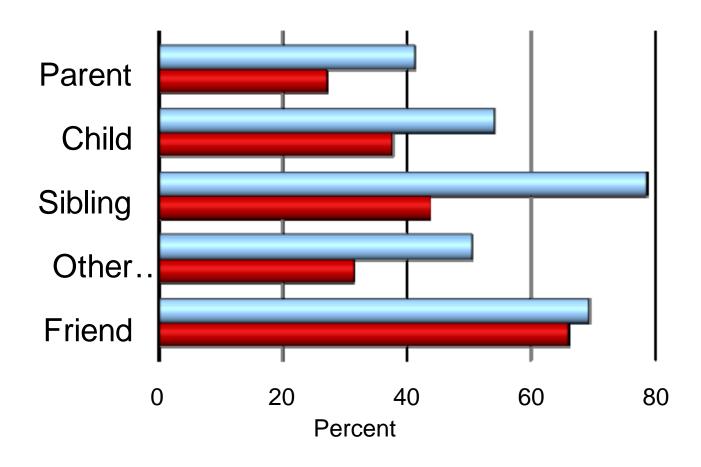
Social networks are a significant health and services resource

Caregiving = \$400 Billion Annually

CAREGIVERS are derived from SOCIAL NETWORKS



ROAH: Social Network Composition



Please refer to the <u>image description</u> found on page 65 for an accessible version of this graph.





ACRIA's Research Demonstrates that Older Adults with HIV have Fragile Social Networks

Lead to greater reliance on formal support services



Increase levels of isolation, loneliness and depression that contribute to diminished health outcomes



Increase the likelihood they will enter and remain longer in long-term care facilities

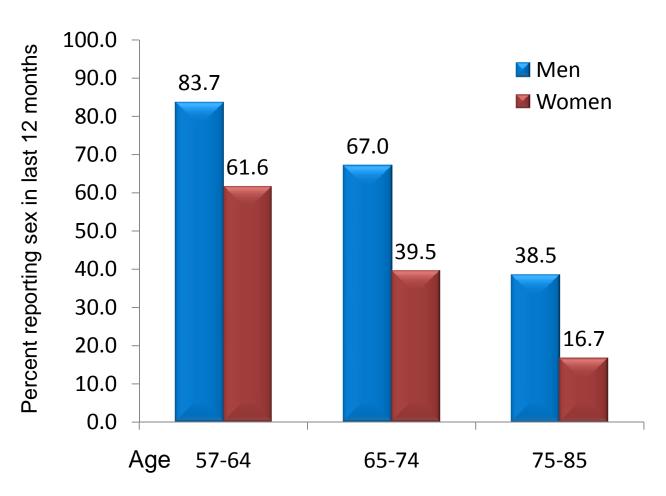




And other outlandish lies about getting older



Sex is Not Only for the Young



Please refer to the image description found on page 66 for an accessible version of this graph.

Lindau et al. NEJM 2007 357(8):762-774



In 2009

I of every 6

New
HIV Diagnoses
in the U.S.
Was in People Age 50
and Older

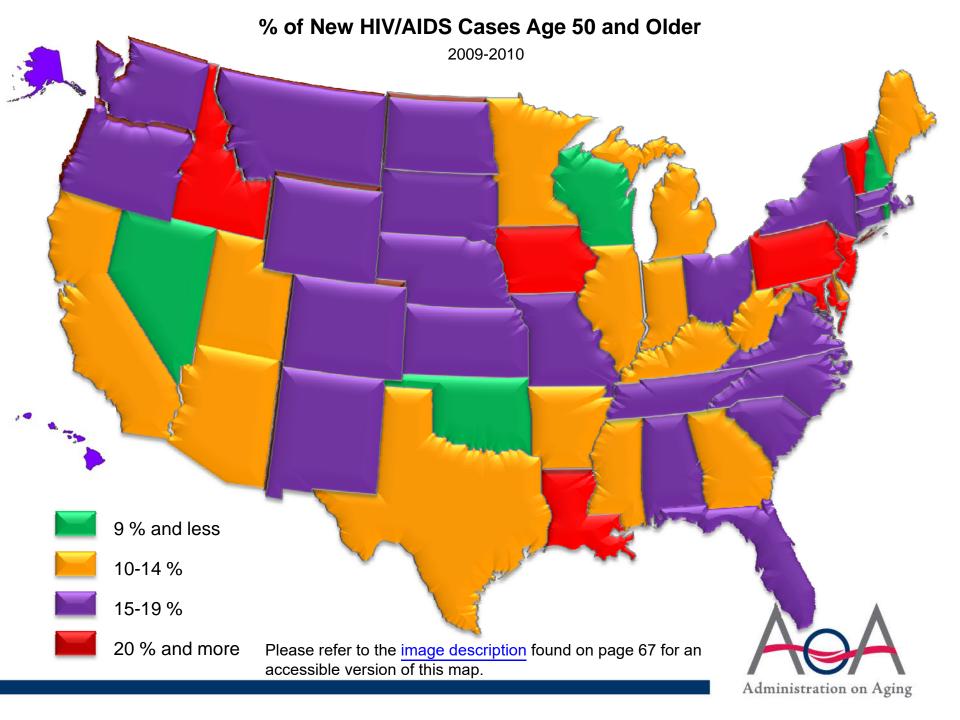


Why are older adults getting HIV?

Lack of awareness of HIV risk factors

- Many older people may be newly single due a death or divorce
- Belief that HIV only affects younger people
- Unprotected sexual activity
 - Menopause = No risk for pregnancy = No condom
 - Unaware of safer sexual activities
- Lack of HIV prevention and interventions tailored for older adults
- Seniors not considered at risk: don't ask, don't tell



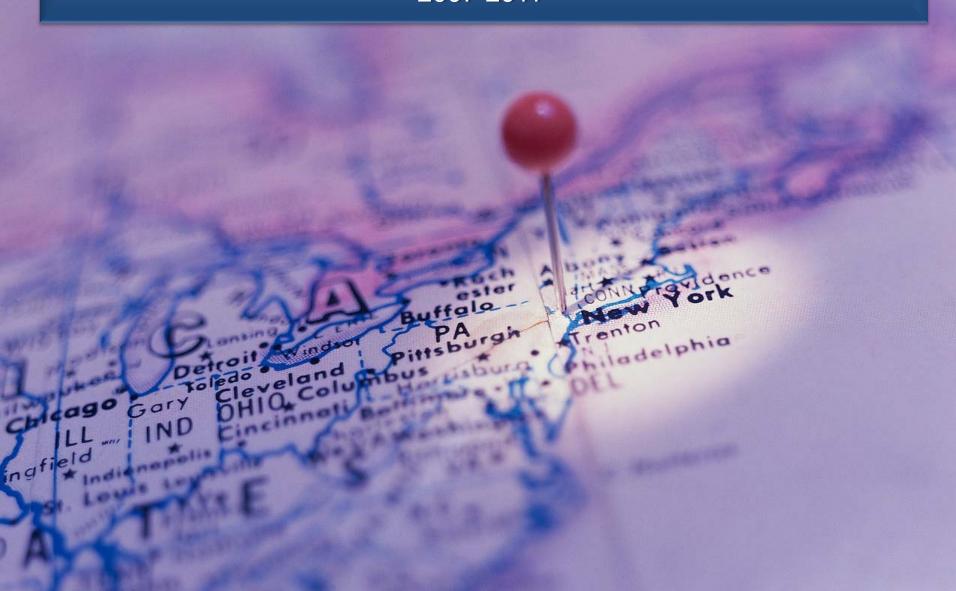


ROAH: *First* Data on Risk Behavior in Older Adults

- Substance use impact Significant
- Viagra and other ED Drugs' Impact None
- Of those older adults with HIV who are sexually active 16% engaged in high risk sexual behavior in the last 3 months



The New York Council Funded HIV and Older Adults Initiative 2007-2011

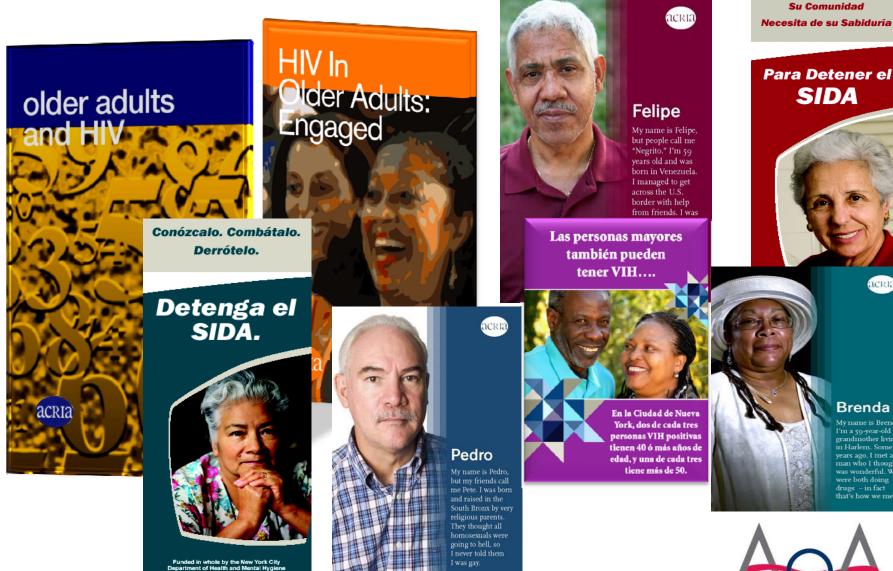


The New York Council Funded HIV and Older Adults Initiative

- Partner with agencies serving older adults creating a network with local HIV service providers
- Create awareness about HIV and older adults through materials development and social messaging
- HIV prevention intervention: (Community Promise)
- Change knowledge, attitudes and beliefs
- HIV testing and access to care
 - 1,500 older adults have been tested
 - 20,000 condoms distributed
 - 300 older adults have been brought into care services



Sample of ACRIA's Older Adults Materials



acria Brenda My name is Brenda. in Harlem. Some man who I thought was wonderful. We were both doing Administration on Aging



Program Accomplishments

In New York City and State

- Over 8,000 HIV and aging service provider staff and peers have attended trainings
- Over 600 days of training on 25 different modules
- All 51 City Council Districts

Nationally

- 75 organizations receive ongoing CBA/TA
- Support from the MAC AIDS Fund





In June 2011

acria ACRIA launched the first-ever wide spread social messaging campaign on HIV specifically targeting older adults











Thank You

Stephen Karpiak, PhD

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AIDS Community Research Initiative of America

Training, Technical Assistance, Capacity Building, Materials and Consulting

Contact: Luis Scaccabarrozzi LScaccabarrozzi@acria.org

ACRIA Center on HIV and Aging http://www.acria.org







Administration on Aging

Jane Pecinovsky Fowler

Founder/Director of HIV Wisdom for Older Women, an outreach program at Family Health Care Services in Kansas City, KS, and

HIV Activist and Prevention Speaker/Educator

North Kansas City, MO



Sections on this page

- Webisode
- Search MedlinePlus
- Resources





Transcript: HIV in Middle Age (transcript)

While sexually transmitted diseases were once thought of as a problem in the young population, diseases such as HIV are rising at alarming rates in the middle age and elderly. Second Opinion addresses the social, medical, physical and cultural factors that are contributing to this trend.

Older women are often overlooked in HIV prevention because it is incorrectly assumed that they no longer engage in sexual relations—though many, of course, do. But most don't realize that this activity can put them at risk of becoming infected with a sexually transmitted disease (STD).

 Nearly 10 percent (9.5) of AIDS cases in the U.S. female population are said to be in women older than age 50; and, numbers of cases are expected to

Panelists

Louis J. Papa, MD Jane Pecinovsky Fowler Jennifer L. Hillman, Ph.D. Amy C. Justice, MD, PhD Amneris E. Luque, MD

increase, as women of all ages survive longer due to improved drug therapy and other treatment advances.
 In the last decade, AIDS cases in women over 50 were reported to have tripled, while heterosexual transmission rates in this age group may have increased as much as 106 percent. But, because not all U.S. states report HIV infections, it is impossible to know how many older American women are HIV-infected, but not diagnosed with AIDS.

www.secondopinion-tv.org/episode/hiv-middle-age





Doreen Bermudez

Training Coordinator National Resource Center on LGBT Aging

HIV & Older Adults
Implementing in Community Service Providers
Settings



Community Approach on HIV & Older Adults

- Assessment(s) on where older adults are in the community
- Gaining access to Service Providers/Settings
- Creating an aging network curricula appropriate for service providers
- Creating a realistic structure promoting inclusion of HIV "conversations"
- Creating & Implementing follow up system



Community Approach on HIV & Older Adults

- Inclusion of HIV testing (associations with stigmapre and post counseling)
- Addressing the LGBT(gay, lesbian, bisexual & transgender) community.
- Non-traditional settings
- Adjusting/flexibility of content/time



Sexuality, Older Adults & Service Providers

Making assumptions

Limiting language to define relationships

How older adults are alienated and marginalized



Sexuality, Older Adults & Service Providers

- Understanding minority stress
- Cultural competency
- Language
- Consistency



Sexuality, Older Adults & Service Providers

- Risk factors for older adults
- Having a vision
- Creating a plan
- Implementation
- Capturing data/evaluation



Area Agencies on Aging Educating Seniors on HIV



Courtney Williams

Community Planner
District of Columbia Office on Aging
441 4th Street, NW, Suite 900 South
Washington, DC 20001

Phone: (202) 724-5622

Website: http://www.dcoa.dc.gov





Resources

US Administration on Aging

www.aoa.gov/AoARoot/AoA Programs/Special Projects/HIV AIDS

AIDS Community Research Initiative of America

www.acria.org

HIV Wisdom for Older Women

www.hivwisdom.org

National Resource Center for LGBT Aging

www.lgbtagingcenter.org

District of Columbia Office on Aging

<u>www.dcoa.dc.gov</u>



Questions?



Contact Information



NEW YORK UNIVERSITY





Sage

Services and Advocacy
for Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual
& Transgender Elders





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Training Coordinator
National LGBT Resource Center

Courtney Williams <u>Courtney.Williams@dc.gov</u> Community Planner District of Columbia Office on Aging



Questions/Comments/Stories/ Suggestions for Future HIV and Aging Webinar Topics?

Send them to:

Danielle.Nelson@aoa.hhs.gov



Image Description of % of People with HIV Age 50 and Older 2009-2010 Map

A map of the United States showing the % of people with HIV age 50 and older in 2009-2010 (image of map found on page 14):

40% or More: Connecticut, Idaho, Iowa, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Texas, and Vermont

30 to 39%: Alaska, California, Florida, Hawaii, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Virginia, and Washington

20 to 29%: Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, Utah, West Virginia, and Wyoming

19 % and Under: Alabama, Mississippi, Montana, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Wisconsin



Image Description of ROAH: Social Network Composition Graph

Parent Living: Slightly above 40%

Parent Functional: Below 30%

Child Living: Above 50%

Child Functional: Below 40%

Sibling Living: Nearly 80%

Sibling Functional: Above 40%

Other.. Living: 50%

Other.. Functional: 30%

Friend Living: 70%

Friend Functional: Below 70%

Image of bar graph found on page 37.



Image Description of Sex is Not Only for the Young Graph

Percent reporting sex in the last 12 months:

Age 57-64: Men 83.7% Women 61.6%

Age 65-74: Men 67% Women 39.5%

Age 75-85: Men 38.5% Women 16.7%

Lindau et al. NEJM 2007 357 (8): 762-774

Image of bar graph found on page 40.



Image Description of % of New HIV/AIDS Cases Age 50 or Older 2009-2010 Map

A map of the United States showing the % of new HIV/AIDS cases age 50 or older (image of map found on page 43):

9% or less: Nevada, New Hampshire, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, and Wisconsin

10-14%: Arizona, Arkansas, California, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Texas, Utah, and West Virginia

15-19%: Alabama, Alaska, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Hawaii, Kansas, Massachusetts, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington, and Wyoming

20% or more: Idaho, Iowa, Louisiana, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Vermont

